Klamath River Sentinel Fish Exposures June 14-17, 2023

as of July 24th 2022

The following is an update for the BOR sentinel fish exposures involving salmonids during June in the Klamath River. 40 Iron Gate Hatchery juvenile Chinook (IGH ChF) and 40 known out-of-basin susceptible rainbow trout (Rbt) were exposed for 72 hr June 14-17 at 5 Klamath River index sites, spanning from the lower to upper-river (see Table below for locations) and 1 site on the Williamson River. In addition, groups of 40 IGH coho were exposed at KBC, KED and WMR. River temperatures during the exposure ranged from 19-23°C. Fish have been held for 37 days post-exposure at the Aquatic Animal Health Laboratory at 18°C and monitored daily. Percent mortality was calculated after 5 days (mortalities that occur within 5 days post-exposure are not included), assuming 40 IGH ChF, 40 IGH coho, and 40 Rbt.

Site	Fish Species	Percent Mortality*	% Mortalities visually Cs Positive**
Williamson River -Nature Conservancy (WMR)	IGH ChF	0%	
	Rbt	100% (40/40 fish)	100%
	IGH coho	7.5% (3/40 fish)	0%
Keno Eddy (KED)	IGH ChF	2.5% (1/40 fish)	0%
	Rbt	2.5% (1/40 fish)	100%
Above I-5 Bridge (KI5)	IGH ChF	65% (26/40 fish)	38.5% (10/26 fish)
	Rbt	100% (40/40 fish)	100%
Above Beaver Creek (KBC)	IGH ChF	70% (28/40 fish)	79% (22/28)
	Rbt	97.5% (39/40 fish)	97.4% (38/39 fish)
	IGH coho	87.5% (35/40)	94% (33/35 fish)
Below Seiad Valley (KSV)	IGH ChF	47.5% (19/40 fish)	47% (9/19 fish)
	Rbt	95% (38/40 fish)	100%
Above Orleans (KOR)	IGH ChF	45% (18/40 fish)	66% (12/18 fish)
	Rbt	95% (38/40 fish)	100%
Non-exposed control	IGH ChF	0%	
	Rbt	0%	
	IGH coho	0%	

^{*} Fish in this category may be pending examination. **Fish are classified as visually positive if mature myxospores are observed.

Studies funded by BOR. These data are preliminary and subject to change.